SAFE WORK PRACTICES

3.15 SAFE USE OF SELF RETRACTING LIFELINE

Safe Work Practices:

- 1. Use only with an approved Full Body Harness.
- 2. Hold onto cable during rewinding.
- 3. Do not leave cable extended for long periods of time.
- 4. Never use a waist or chest belt of any type for fall arrest hazards.
- 5. Always ensure you have properly calculated the fall distance.
- 6. Never alter this equipment.
- 7. Never allow more than one person at a time to be connected.
- 8. Never use where there is a possibility of connection with power lines.
- 9. Never work above the anchorage point unless absolutely necessary.

Procedures:

- 1. Always make a visual inspection of equipment first. Check the nut and bolt detaining connection hook for signs of distortion, cracks, burns and general wear.
- 2. Check the main housing for signs of distortion or cracks.
- 3. Check that the main body housings fit evenly. Ensure there are no gaps between sections.
- 4. All screws and rivets must be present and tight. Check the snap hooks for signs or distortion, cracks, burns and wear.
- 5. Check the D-ring for distortion, sharp edges, burns, cracks or worn parts.
- 6. Next check the cable prior to use. Look for flat areas, kinks, cut areas, abrasion, corrosion or heat damage.
- 7. To do this, wear safety gloves. Pull entire length of lifeline out. Allow it to slowly retract through your protected hand flexing every few inches to check for broken wires.
- 8. Test the locking mechanism 3-5 times by jerking down on the cable.
- 9. Survey the area you will anchor to. It should be free and clear of hazards and other workers.
- 10. Always ensure there is approximately 6 feet of free fall space beneath the working space.
- 11. After connecting to a safe anchorage point, attach the snap hook at the end of the cable to the dorsal D-ring of the harness ensuring the snap hook closes fully.
- 12. Make every effort to keep the cable clean and free of debris. Failure to do so may result in premature locking and rewind failure of the device.
- 13. The anchorage point must be capable of sustaining loads in the direction applied of at least 3600 lbs.
- 14. When more than one worker is attached to the same anchorage point, you must multiply the above number by the number of workers attached.
- 15. While using, always ensure the cable maintains constant tension. Excessive slack on the cable will result in a further fall and shock load on the body is excessive.
- 16. Move normal, sudden jerks could activate the locking mechanism.